# **Biannual Cost Drivers Report** Realignment Implementation Program

System Expansion Committee – 6/9/22



### Why we are here

- To report twice a year, per Realignment Resolution R2021-05, on *current* and *anticipated cost drivers* for Sound Transit capital projects.
- No Board action required.



# *Current and anticipated cost drivers*

**Current estimate drivers** 

- Comparing estimates prepared since
- the last report.
- This report compares final
- realignment (Aug. '21) to current (May '22).

#### Anticipated estimate drivers

- Current trends that are monitored and reported but that are not included in current estimates.
- This report compares estimates after current (May '22).



# **Cost categories analyzed**

For both current and anticipated, we'll review actual and potential drivers associated with:

- Construction
- Property acquisition
- Macroeconomic factors
- Soft costs





# *Current estimate cost drivers*

- Compare estimates from the last report (Aug. '21) to current (Spring '22).
- Project cost estimates are developed on their own schedules; no coordination of all estimates at one time.
- No new estimates into the Financial Plan for the Annual Program Review so no current cost drivers:
  - Construction
  - Property acquisition
  - Soft costs
- New garage estimates, exceeding Financial Plan, triggered mitigation plan reviewing contracting strategy.



### Macroeconomic factors

- ST uses 3 indices to inflate system expansion project costs in the long-range financial plan: Consumer Price Index (CPI), Construction Cost Index (CCI), and Rightof-Way Index (ROWI).
- Spring 2022 financial projections include higher inflation forecasts for all three indices than in the 2021 final realigned plan.
- Capital program 2017-2046 has grown \$2.1 billion due to inflation from final realigned plan to Spring 2022.

Inflation Compound Annual Growth Rate, 2017-2046									
Index	Final Realigned Plan	Spring 2022 Update							
CPI	2.44%	2.55%							
CCI	3.81%	3.94%							
ROWI	4.21%	4.28%							

#### Construction

Largest cost component of project cost estimate.

- On average:
  - Labor is largest component of construction cost estimate.
  - Materials are second largest component of construction cost estimate.
- Soft costs are calculated as a percentage of construction.



**Construction: Labor** 

Labor is the largest component of construction cost estimates, typically more than 50% of the estimate.

- Wages may need to be right-sized in upcoming periods to help bridge the gap between inflation and wage increases.
- Construction wages have only moderately increased in the past year.
- Current Inflation in the range of (6-8%) through 2021 into 2022.
- AGC Master Agreement (through 2024) is approximately 3-5% in the upcoming.



#### **Construction: Materials**

Materials are second-largest component of construction cost estimates.

# - Prices in 2022 will challenge peak prices of 2021.

- Material costs through 2021 were significantly increasing.
- Material costs in first quarter 2022 have leveled off but are still increasing in certain major elements:
  - Steel (structural and rebar)
  - Fuel (gas, diesel, other)
  - $\circ$  Lumber
  - o Plumbing materials



#### Construction: Market conditions

- Contractors no longer willing to take risk of cost escalation; now putting that risk back on owners.
- Project bid prices have not kept up with inflation, material pricing.
- Contractors have absorbed cost increases in past to win projects.



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#### **Property acquisitions**

Latest value growth rates continue to climb above normal.

	HISTORIC ANNUAL REAL ESTATE VALUE GROWTH RATES								$\bigwedge$	COMPOUND ANNUAL
	Q1 2013 -	Q1 2014 -	Q1 2015 -	Q1 2016 -	Q1 2017 -	Q1 2018 -	Q1 2019 -	Q1 2020	Q1 2021 -	ROWTH RATE -
	Q1 2014	Q1 2015	Q1 2016	Q1 2017	Q1 2018	Q1 2019	Q1 2020	Q1 202	Q1 2022	Q1 13 - Q1 22
King County					225				a and a second	
SFR	9.5%	8.4%	15.9%	10.5%	15.4%	-0.4%	5.8%	12.4%	13.0%	9.9%
Industrial	7.6%	9.1%	10.2%	10.9%	10.6%	13.0%	9.7%	8.8%	14.2%	10.4%
Multifamily	6.0%	11.8%	9.5%	8.4%	5.5%	7.5%	9.2%	1.8%	10.6%	7.8%
Close-In	6.0%	11.9%	8.9%	8.0%	5.1%	6.6%	9.1%	0.6%	9.6%	7.3%
Outer County	6.5%	12.0%	12.3%	9.9%	7.5%	10.7%	9.6%	6.5%	14.3%	9.9%
Office	12.5%	8.9%	8.2%	4.8%	5.7%	5.2%	5.5%	-1.5%	4.2%	5.9%
Retail	4.9%	15.3%	6.4%	4.5%	3.2%	4.5%	6.4%	4.1%	7.3%	6.2%
Sources: Commercial Property D Single-Family Residenti		2017-1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5						$\bigcirc$	



# Anticipated macroeconomic factors

High inflation expected to continue with corresponding increases in future financial plan updates.

- Consumer Price Index (CPI) High inflation seen in 2021 likely to continue and worsen due to prices driven up by increased demand and supply chain constraints.
- Construction Cost Index (CCI) Construction inflation is experiencing unprecedented increases in materials costs, supply chain disruptions, and a tight labor market.
- **Right-of-Way Index (ROWI)** Residential properties in the Puget Sound region continue to experience the largest value gains in years, a trend that appears to be continuing into 2022.



### **Next Steps**

- Continue monitoring anticipated trends and evaluate mitigation strategies during the planning and design process:
  - $\circ~$  Alternative contracting strategies
  - o Early procurements (i.e. properties, materials)
- Continue to monitor current and new trends.
- Provide continued reporting on minimum bi-annual basis.



# Thank you.

